#### Claim Amendments

1. (currently amended) A compound of the formula

wherein

M is hydrogen, halo, lower alkyl, or perfluoro lower alkyl; and

Rx and Ry are hydrogen, halo or methyl; and

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are independently hydrogen, halo, amino, hydroxyamino, nitro, cyano, sulfonamido, lower alkyl, -OR<sup>5</sup>, -COOR<sup>5</sup>, perfluoro- lower alkyl, lower alkyl thio, perfluoro-lower alkyl sulfonyl, perfluoro lower alkyl sulfonyl, lower alkyl sulfinyl,

R5 is hydrogen, lower alkyl or perfluoro-lower alkyl; or furthermore

 $R^{1}$ ,  $R^{2}$  can be -(CH<sub>2</sub>)n-NR<sup>6</sup>R<sup>7</sup>, with n=1, 2, 3 or 4 and

 $R^6$  and  $R^7$  are independently hydrogen or lower alkyl; or together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a five or six-membered heteroaromatic ring containing from 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from sulfur, oxygen or nitrogen; or a saturated 5- or 6-membered cycloheteroalkyl ring, which contains from 1 to 2 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen; or

R1, R2 can be alkynyl,

substituted with hydrogen, lower alkyl, hydroxy lower alkyl, lower alkoxy lower alkyl, an unsubstituted or hydroxy substituted cycloalkyl ring containing 5 or 6 carbon atoms, a five- or six-membered saturated heterocyclic ring which contains from 1 to 3 hetero atoms selected from the group consisting of sulfur, oxygen or nitrogen, or an unsubstituted five- or six-membered heteroaromatic ring, connected by a ring carbon atom, which contains from 1 to 3 heteroatoms in the ring selected from the group consisting of sulfur, nitrogen and oxygen, or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)n-NR $^8$ R $^9$ , with n=1, 2, and

R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are independently hydrogen or lower alkyl; or together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a five or six-membered heteroaromatic ring containing from 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from sulfur, oxygen or nitrogen; or a saturated 5- or 6-membered

cycloheteroalkyl ring, which contains from 1 to 2 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen; or

R1, R2 can be R10-[(CH2)y-W]z-, with

W is oxygen, sulfur, -SO-, -SO22-, and

R10 is a heteroaromatic ring, connected by a ring carbon atom, which contains from 5 to 6 ring members with from 1 to 2 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulfur or nitrogen, or

aryl containing 6 or 10 ring carbon atoms, or

aryl containing from 6 ring carbon atoms fused with a heteroaromatic ring containing 5 or 6 ring members with 1 or 2 heteroatoms in the ring being selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen or sulfur, or

a saturated 5- or 6-membered cycloheteroalkyl ring, which contains from 1 to 2 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen, or

a cycloalkyl ring having 5 or 6 carbon atoms, or

-NR<sup>11</sup>R<sup>12</sup>, with R<sup>11</sup> and R<sup>12</sup> are independently hydrogen or lower alkyl;

y is independently 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4; z is independently 0,1; or

R1, R2 can be R13-(CH2)t-U-, with

U is -NHCO-, -CONH-, -NHSO2-, -SO2NH- and

 $R^{13}$  in the same meaning of  $R^{10}$  and

perfluoro-lower alkyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl or

-NR<sup>14</sup>R<sup>15</sup>, R<sup>14</sup> and R<sup>15</sup> are independently hydrogen or lower alkyl; or together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a five or six-membered heteroaromatic ring containing from 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from sulfur, oxygen or nitrogen; or a saturated 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl ring, which contains from 1 to 2 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen;

t is an integer being 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

R<sup>3</sup> is arylalkyl or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)s-V where V is a 3 to 8-membered-ring which is cycloalkyl<sub>3</sub>; eyeloalkenyl, or heterocycloalkyl having one heteroatom selected from oxygen and sulfur; s is independently 0. 1 or 2:

R<sup>4</sup> is -C(O)NHR<sup>16</sup>, or is R<sup>17</sup>;

R16 is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, hydroxy lower alkyl,

-(CH<sub>2</sub>)n-COOR<sup>18</sup>, -CO-(CH<sub>2</sub>)n-COOR<sup>19</sup>;

R<sup>17</sup> is an unsubstituted, mono- or di-substituted five- or six-membered heteroaromatic ring connected by a ring carbon atom to the amide group shown, which five- or six-membered heteroaromatic ring contains from 1 to 4 heteroatoms selected from sulfur, oxygen or nitrogen, with one heteroatom being nitrogen which is adjacent to the connecting ring carbon atom; said mono- or di-substituted heteroaromatic ring being mono- or di-substituted at a position on a ring carbon atom other than adjacent to said connecting carbon atom with a substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, halo, nitro, cyano, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)n-OR<sup>20</sup>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)n-COOR<sup>21</sup>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)n-NHR<sup>23</sup>.

n is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

 $R^{18}$ ,  $R^{19}$ ,  $R^{20}$ ,  $R^{21}$ ,  $R^{22}$  and  $R^{23}$  are independently hydrogen or lower alkyl, and its pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

## 2. (currently amended) A compound according to claim 1 having the formula

wherein

M is hydrogen, halo, lower alkyl or perfluoro lower alkyl; and

Rx and Ry are hydrogen, halo or methyl; and

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are independently hydrogen, halo, amino, hydroxyamino, nitro, cyano, sulfonamido, lower alkyl, -OR<sup>5</sup>, -COOR<sup>5</sup>, perfluoro- lower alkyl, lower alkyl thio, perfluoro-lower alkyl sulfonyl, perfluoro lower alkyl sulfonyl, lower alkyl sulfinyl,

R5 is hydrogen, lower alkyl or perfluoro-lower alkyl; or furthermore

 $R^{1}$ ,  $R^{2}$  can be -(CH<sub>2</sub>)n-NR<sup>6</sup>R<sup>7</sup>, with n=1, 2, 3 or 4 and

R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are independently hydrogen or lower alkyl; or together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a five or six-membered heteroaromatic ring containing from 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from sulfur, oxygen or nitrogen; or a saturated 5- or 6-membered

cycloheteroalkyl ring, which contains from 1 to 2 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen; or

R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup> can be alkynyl,

substituted with hydrogen, lower alkyl, hydroxy lower alkyl, lower alkyl, an unsubstituted or hydroxy substituted cycloalkyl ring containing 5 or 6 carbon atoms, a five- or six-membered saturated heterocyclic ring which contains from 1 to 3 hetero atoms selected from the group consisting of sulfur, oxygen or nitrogen, or an unsubstituted five- or six-membered heteroaromatic ring, connected by a ring carbon atom, which contains from 1 to 3 heteroatoms in the ring selected from the group consisting of sulfur, nitrogen and oxygen, or -(CH22)n-NR8R9, with n=1, 2, and

R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are independently hydrogen or lower alkyl; or together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a five or six-membered heteroaromatic ring containing from 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from sulfur, oxygen or nitrogen; or a saturated 5- or 6-membered cycloheteroalkyl ring, which contains from 1 to 2 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen; or

R1, R2 can be R10-[(CH2)y-W]z-, with

W is oxygen, sulfur, -SO-, -SO22-, and

R10 is a heteroaromatic ring, connected by a ring carbon atom, which contains from 5 to 6 ring members with from 1 to 2 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulfur or nitrogen, or

aryl containing 6 or 10 ring carbon atoms, or

aryl containing from 6 ring carbon atoms fused with a heteroaromatic ring containing 5 or 6 ring members with 1 or 2 heteroatoms in the ring being selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen or sulfur, or

a saturated 5- or 6-membered cycloheteroalkyl ring, which contains from 1 to 2 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen, or

a cycloalkyl ring having 5 or 6 carbon atoms, or

-NR<sup>11</sup>R<sup>12</sup>, with R<sup>11</sup> and R<sup>12</sup> are independently hydrogen or lower alkyl;

v is independently 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4; z is independently 0 or 1; or

R1, R2 can be R13-(CH2)t-U-, with

U is -NHCO-, -CONH-, -NHSO2-, -SO2NH- and

 $\rm R^{13}$  in the same meaning of  $\rm R^{10}$  and perfluoro-lower alkyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl or

-NR<sup>14</sup>R<sup>15</sup>, R<sup>14</sup> and R<sup>15</sup> are independently hydrogen or lower alkyl; or together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a five or six-membered heteroaromatic ring containing from 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from sulfur, oxygen or nitrogen; or a saturated 5- or 6-membered heterocycloalkyl ring, which contains from 1 to 2 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen;

t is an integer being 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

 $R^3 \ is \ \frac{1}{3} \ is \ \frac{1}{3}$ 

s is independently 0, 1 or 2; R<sup>4</sup> is -C(O)NHR<sup>16</sup>, or is R<sup>17</sup>:

R<sup>16</sup> is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, hydroxy lower alkyl,

-(CH2)n-COOR18, -CO-(CH2)n-COOR19;

 $R^{17}$  is an unsubstituted, mono- or di-substituted five- or six-membered heteroaromatic ring connected by a ring carbon atom to the amide group shown, which five- or six-membered heteroaromatic ring contains from 1 to 4 heteroatoms selected from sulfur, oxygen or nitrogen, with one heteroatom being nitrogen which is adjacent to the connecting ring carbon atom; said mono- or di-substituted heteroaromatic ring being mono- or di-substituted at a position on a ring carbon atom other than adjacent to said connecting carbon atom with a substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, halo, nitro, cyano, -(CH2)n-OR^{20}, -(CH2)n-COOR^{21}, \label{eq:connecting}

-(CH<sub>2</sub>)n-CONHR<sup>22</sup>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)n-NHR<sup>23</sup>,

n is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4:

 $R^{18}$ ,  $R^{19}$ ,  $R^{20}$ ,  $R^{21}$ ,  $R^{22}$  and  $R^{23}$  are independently hydrogen or lower alkyl, and its pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

### 3. (Canceled)

4. (previously presented) A compound according to claim 1, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is an unsubstituted, mono- or di-substituted five- or six-membered heteroaromatic ring connected by a ring carbon atom to the amide group shown, which five- or six-membered

heteroaromatic ring contains from 1 to 4 heteroatoms selected from sulfur, oxygen or nitrogen, with one heteroatom being nitrogen which is adjacent to the connecting ring carbon atom; said mono- or di-substituted heteroaromatic ring being mono- or di-substituted at a position on a ring carbon atom other than adjacent to said connecting carbon atom with a substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, halo, nitro, cyano, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)n-OR<sup>20</sup>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)n-COOR<sup>21</sup>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)n-CONHR<sup>22</sup>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)n-NHR<sup>23</sup>,

- n is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;
- R<sup>20</sup>, R<sup>21</sup>, R<sup>22</sup> and R<sup>23</sup> are independently hydrogen or lower alkyl, and its pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.
- (previously presented) A compound according to claim 4, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is an
  unsubstituted mono- or di-substituted five- or six-membered heteroaromatic ring selected from
  the group consisting of thiazolyl, imidazolyl, oxazolyl, thiadiazolyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl,
  pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, or triazinyl.
- 6. (previously presented) A compound according to claim 5, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is thiazolyl or pyridinyl, unsubstituted, mono- or di-substituted independently by halogen, lower alkyl or (CH<sub>2</sub>)n-C(O)OR<sup>21</sup>, wherein n is 0, 1 or 2 and R<sup>21</sup> is lower alkyl.
- 7. (previously presented) A compound according to claim 1, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is -C(O)NHR<sup>16</sup>, where R<sup>16</sup> is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, hydroxy lower alkyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)n-COOR<sup>18</sup>, -CO-(CH<sub>2</sub>)n-COOR<sup>19</sup>; n is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4; R<sup>18</sup> and R<sup>19</sup> are independently hydrogen or lower alkyl, and its pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.
- (previously presented) A compound according to claim 7, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is -C(O)NHR<sup>16</sup>, and R<sup>16</sup> is lower alkyl or lower alkenyl.
  - 9. (previously presented) A compound according to claim 6, wherein R1 is hydrogen,

halo, nitro or cyano.

 (previously presented) A compound according to claim 9, wherein R<sup>1</sup> is hydrogen or halo.

11. (previously presented) A compound according to claim 10, wherein R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, halo, nitro, cyano, sulfonamido, lower alkyl, -OR<sup>5</sup>, -COOR<sup>5</sup>, perfluoro- lower alkyl, lower alkyl sulfonyl; or

R<sup>2</sup> can be R<sup>10</sup>-[(CH<sub>2</sub>)v-Wlz-, where

W is oxygen, sulfur, -SO-, or -SO2-, and

 $\mathbb{R}^{10}$  is a heteroaromatic ring, connected by a ring carbon atom, which contains from 5 to 6 ring members with from 1 to 2 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulfur or nitrogen, or

aryl containing 6 or 10 ring carbon atoms, or

aryl containing 6 ring carbon atoms fused with a heteroaromatic ring containing 5 or 6 ring members with 1 or 2 heteroatoms in the ring being selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen or sulfur, or

a saturated 5- or 6-membered cycloheteroalkyl ring, which contains from 1 to 2 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen, or

a cycloalkyl ring having 5 or 6 carbon atoms, or

-NR<sup>11</sup>R<sup>12</sup>, with R<sup>11</sup> and R<sup>12</sup> being independently hydrogen or lower alkyl;

y is independently 0,1,2,3 or 4; z is independently 0 or 1; or

R2 can be R13-(CH2)t-U-, with

U is -NHCO-, -CONH, -NHSO2-, -SO2NH- and

R13 in the same meaning of R10 and

perfluoro-lower alkyl, lower alkyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl or

-NR<sup>14</sup>R<sup>15</sup>, R<sup>14</sup> and R<sup>15</sup> are independently hydrogen or lower alkyl; or together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a five or six-membered heteroaromatic ring containing from 1 to 3 heteroatoms selected from sulfur, oxygen or nitrogen:

t is an integer from 0 to 4.

12. (previously presented) A compound according to claim 11, wherein R<sup>2</sup> is halo, lower

alkyl sulfonyl or R10-[(CH2)y-W]z-.

13. (previously presented) A compound according to claim 12, wherein R<sup>2</sup> is sulfonylmethyl or R<sup>10</sup>-[(CH<sub>2</sub>)y-Wlz- where W is SO<sub>2</sub>.

- 14. (previously presented) A compound according to claim 13, wherein the aryl substituent and the group R<sup>3</sup> have a syn-relationship.
- (previously presented) A compound according to claim 14, wherein V is cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl or cycloheptyl.
- (previously presented) A compound according to claim 14, wherein V is cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl.

### 17-19. (canceled)

 (previously presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent or carrier

### 21. (canceled)

22. (previously amended) A method for therapeutic treatment of type II diabetes, which comprises administering a compound of claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, to a human being or animal in need thereof.

# 23. (canceled)

24. (previously presented) A compound of claim 1 selected from the group consisting of:

(±)-(E)-2-Cyclohexyl-1-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid (5-chlorothiazol-2-yl)-amide:

- (±)-(E)-2-Cyclohexylmethyl-1-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2-ylamide:
- $(\pm)\text{-}(E)\text{-}2\text{-}Cyclopentyl-1-[4\text{-}(3\text{-}diethylamino-propane-1-sulfonyl})\text{-}phenyl]\text{-}$
- cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2-ylamide;
- $(\pm)\text{-}(E)\text{-}2\text{-}Cyclohexyl-1-[4\text{-}(3\text{-}diethylamino-propane-1-sulfonyl})\text{-}phenyl]\text{-}$
- cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2-ylamide;
- (±)-(E)-1-(3-Chloro-4-sulfamoyl-phenyl)-2-cyclohexyl-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2-ylamide;
- $(\pm)\cdot (E)\cdot 2- Cyclohexyl-1-[4-(propane-2-sulfonyl)-phenyl]-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2-ylamide;$
- (±)-(E)-2-Cyclohexyl-1-[4-(propane-2-sulfonyl)-phenyl]-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid [1,3,4]thiadiazol-2-ylamide:
- (±)-(E)-2-Cyclopentyl-1-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid (5-methyl-[1.3,4]thiadiazol-2-vl)-amide;
- (±)-(E)-2-Cyclopentyl-1-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid isoxazol-3-ylamide;
- (±)-(E)-2-Cyclopentyl-1-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid (5-methyl-isoxazol-3-vl)-amide;
- $\label{eq:control} $$(\pm)^{C}-(2-{[2-Cyclopentyl-1-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarbonyl]-amino}-thiazol-4-yl)-acetic acid ethyl ester;$
- $\label{eq:control} (\pm) (2-\{[2-Cyclopentyl-1-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarbonyl]-amino} + thiazole-4-carboxylic acid ethyl ester;$
- (E)-2-Cyclopentyl-1-[4-(2-pyridin-2-yl-ethylsulfamoyl)-phenyl]-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2-ylamide;
- (E)-2-Cyclopentyl-1-[4-(2-pyridin-2-yl-ethylsulfamoyl)-phenyl]-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2-ylamide;
- $\label{eq:condition} (\pm) (E) 2 Cyclopentyl 1 \{4 [(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-sulfamoyl] phenyl\} cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol 2 ylamide;$

(±)-(E)-2-Cyclopentyl-1-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2vlamide:

- (±)-(E)-2,2-Dichloro-3-cyclopentyl-1-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2-vlamide:
- $(\pm)\cdot (E)\cdot 3-Cyclopentyl-2, 2-difluoro-1-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic\ acid\ thiazol-2-ylamide;$
- (±)-(E)-2-Cyclohexyl-1-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2-ylamide;
- (±)-(E)-2-Cyclohexyl-1-(3-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2-ylamide;
- (±)-(E)-2-Cyclohexyl-1-(3-fluoro-4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2-ylamide;
- $(\pm) (E) 2 Cyclopentyl 1 [4 (3 imidazol 1 yl propylsulfamoyl) phenyl] cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol 2 ylamide;$
- (E)-2-Cyclohexyl-1-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid (5-fluoro-thiazol-2-yl)-amide;
- (±)-(E)-2-Cyclopentyl-1-[4-(pyridin-3-ylmethanesulfonyl)-phenyl]-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid (5-chloro-thiazol-2-yl)-amide;
- $(\pm)\cdot (E) 2 Cyclopentyl 1 [4 (pyridin 3 ylmethanesulfonyl) phenyl] cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol 2 ylamide$
- $(\pm) \cdot (E) \cdot 2 \cdot Cyclohexyl-1 \cdot (4-methylsulfamoyl-phenyl) \cdot cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2-ylamide;$
- (±)-(E)-2-Cyclohexyl-1-(4-methanesulfonyl-3-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2-ylamide;
- $(\pm) (E) 2 Cyclohexyl 1 (4-methanesulfonyl 3-trifluoromethyl phenyl) cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol 2-ylamide;$
- (±)-(E)-2-Cyclohexyl-1-(4-nitro-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2-ylamide;
- $(\pm)\text{-}(E)\text{-}\ 3\text{-}[2\text{-}Cyclohexyl-1-(thiazol-2-ylcarbamoyl)-cyclopropyl]-benzoic acid;}\ (\pm)\text{-}(E)\text{-}[2\text{-}(E)\text{-}(E)\text{-}[2\text{-}(E)\text{-}(E)\text{-}(E)\text{-}[2\text{-}(E)\text{-}(E)\text{-}(E)\text{-}[2\text{-}(E)\text{-}(E)\text{-}(E)\text{-}[2\text{-}(E)\text{-}(E)\text{-}(E)\text{-}[2\text{-}(E)\text{-}(E)\text{-}[2\text{-}(E)\text{-}(E)\text{-}[2\text{-}(E)\text{-}(E)\text{-}[2\text{-}(E)\text{-}(E)\text{-}[2\text{-}(E)\text{-}(E)\text{-}[2\text{-}(E)\text{-}(E)\text{-}[2\text{-}(E)\text{-}(E)\text{-}[2\text{-}(E)\text{-}(E)\text{-}[2\text{-}(E)\text{-}(E)\text{-}[2\text{-}(E)\text{-}[2\text{-}(E)\text{-}(E)\text{-}[2\text{-}(E)\text$
- $Cyclohexyl-1-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic\ acid\ thiazol-2-ylamide];$
- $\label{eq:continuous} (\pm) (E) 4 [2-Cyclohexyl-1-(thiazol-2-ylcarbamoyl)-cyclopropyl] N-pyridin-3-ylmethylbenzamide:$
- (±)-(E)-4-[2-Cyclohexyl-1-(thiazol-2-ylcarbamoyl)-cyclopropyl]-N-methyl-benzamide;

(±)-(E)-1-(4-Acetylamino-phenyl)-2-cyclohexyl-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2-ylamide;

- (±)-(E)-2-Cyclohexyl-1-(4-methanesulfonylamino-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2-ylamide;
- (±)-(E)-2-Cyclohexyl-1-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2-ylamide;
- 2-(S)-Cyclohexyl-1-(R)-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2-ylamide;
- 2-(R)-Cyclohexyl-1-(S)-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2ylamide;
- (±)-(E)-2-Cyclopentylmethyl-1-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2-ylamide;
- (±)-(E)-2-Cyclopentyl-1-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid (5-ethyl-[1,3,4]thiadiazol-2-yl)-amide;
- (±)-(E)-2-Cyclohexyl-1-[3-(2-pyridin-2-yl-ethylsulfamoyl)-phenyl]-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2-ylamide;
- $(\pm)\cdot (E)\cdot 3-Cyclohexyl-2,2-difluoro-1-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2-ylamide;$
- $(\pm)\cdot (E)-2-Cyclohexyl-1-[4-(2-pyridin-2-yl-ethylsulfamoyl)-phenyl]-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2-ylamide;$
- $(\pm)-(E)-2-Cyclopentyl-1-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid (5-fluorothiazol-2-yl)-amide;$
- $(\pm) (E) 2 Cyclohexyl-1 (4-methanesulfonyl-3-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl) cyclopropanecarboxylic acid [1,3,4] thiadiazol-2-ylamide;$
- (±)-(E)-2-Cyclohexyl-1-(4-methylsulfamoyl-3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2-ylamide;
- $(\pm)-(E)-2-Cyclohexyl-1-(4-methylsulfamoyl-3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid [1,3,4]thiadiazol-2-ylamide;$
- (±)-(E)-2-Cyclohexyl-1-(3-nitro-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2-ylamide;
- (±)-(E)-4-[2-Cyclopentyl-1-(thiazol-2-ylcarbamoyl)-cyclopropyl]-benzoic acid methyl ester;
- $\label{eq:control} (\pm)\mbox{-}(E)\mbox{-}3\mbox{-}[2\mbox{-}Cyclohexyl-1-(thiazol-2-ylcarbamoyl)-cyclopropyl]-N-pyridin-3-ylmethylbenzamide:$

Docket No. X-16029

- (±)-(E)-3-[2-Cyclohexyl-1-(thiazol-2-ylcarbamoyl)-cyclopropyl]-N-methyl-benzamide;
- (±)-(E)-2-Cyclohexyl-1-(3-methanesulfonylamino-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2-ylamide:
- $(\pm)$ -(E)-2-Cyclohexyl-1-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid (5-methyl-thiazol-2-yl)-amide;
- (±)-(E)-2-Cyclohexyl-1-(4-dimethylamino-phenyl)-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid thiazol-2-ylamide;
- (E)-2-cyclohexyl-2-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-cyclopropane carboxylic acid thiazol-2-ylamide;
- (E)-2-cyclopentyl-2-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-cyclopropane carboxylic acid thiazol-2-vlamide: and
- (E)-2-Cyclohexyl-2-(4-methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-cyclopropane carboxylic acid 5-methyl-thiazol-2-ylamide;
- or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.